

Optic Nerve Head Drusen. Same presentation, different workup



POSTER

Mário Ramalho; Catarina Pedrosa; Cristina Santos; Susana Pina; Fernando Vaz



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Hospital Prof. Dr. Fernando Fonseca, Chief of Ophthalmology: Antonio Melo, MD

INTRODUCTION

Optic nerve head drusen (ONHD) were first described in 1868 by Liebreich. They are mostly bilateral and asymptomatic, although some degree of visual field defect can be shown. Most cases of pseudopapilledema are due to the presence of optic nerve head drusen and there are some clinical characteristics that can help to differentiate one from another but the use of recent technology is needed to confirm the diagnosis.



BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Mustafa Komur MD, Et al. (2011) Simultaneous Papilledema and Optic Disc Drusen in a Child. *Pediatric Neurology* 46 (2012) 187e188
2. Kyoung Min Lee, MD, Et al. (2011) Differentiation of Optic Nerve Head Drusen and Optic Disc Edema with Spectral-Domain Optical Coherence Tomography. *Ophthalmology* 2011;118:971-977
3. Patricia Flores-Rodrigueza et al. (2012) Ophthalmic Features of Optic Disc Drusen. *Ophthalmologica* 228(1):59-66
4. Sarac, Ozge MD, Et al. (2012) Differentiation of Optic Disc Edema From Optic Nerve Head Drusen With Spectral-Domain Optical Coherence Tomography. *J Neuroophthalmol.* 2012 Sep;32(3):207-11

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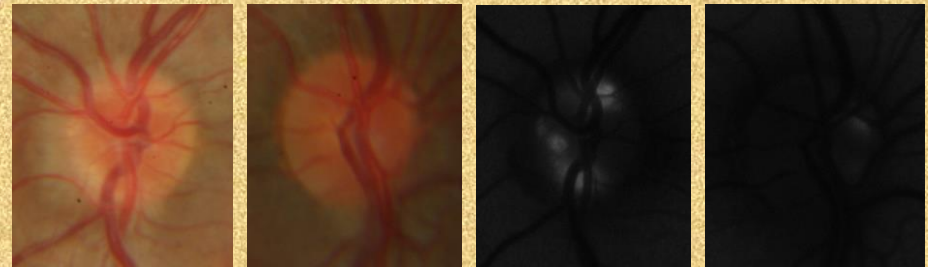
Hospital Prof. Dr. Fernando Fonseca, Chief of Ophthalmology: Antonio Melo, MD

Case 1



10 year-old boy
Routine Examination
Neck pain
Optic disc enlargement

Case 2



14 year-old girl
Routine Examination
Optic disc enlargement

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1. Mustafa Komur MD. Et al. (2011) Simultaneous Papilledema and Optic Disc Drusen in a Child. *Pediatric Neurology* 46 (2012) 187e188
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DISCUSSION

The calcium salts of optic nerve head drusen often demonstrate autofluorescence, which can be readily seen in superficial drusen. OCT can be of most importance in differentiating ONHD from optic disc edema (ODE). The most common pattern in ONHD OCT is a thinning of RNFL, however both optic atrophy with RNFL thinning and RNFL elevation, or thickening, can be present in ONHD as well as ODE. B-scan ultrasonography is still the most useful exam for ONHD.



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CONCLUSION

ONHD is a diagnostic challenge. In the first case, the visualization of optic disc enlargement led to the acquisition of OCT images which showed increased RNFL thickness, a prompt neurologic workup was taken, only to show calcification of ONHD in CT-scan. Afterwards B-scan ultrasonography and autofluorescence retinography confirmed the diagnosis. In the second case the optic nerve morphology was highly suggestive of ONHD, so OCT, B-scan ultrasonography and autofluorescence retinography confirmed the diagnosis.



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1. Mustafa Komur MD, Et al. (2011) Simultaneous Papilledema and Optic Disc Drusen in a Child. *Pediatric Neurology* 46 (2012) 187e188
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**I HAVE NO FINANCIAL
DISCLOSURES**

A traditional Chinese ink wash painting of a branch with red flowers, positioned on the left side of the slide.

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1. Mustafa Komur MD, Et al. (2011) Simultaneous Papilledema and Optic Disc Drusen in a Child. *Pediatric Neurology* 46 (2012) 187e188
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